

GUÍA No. 3

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ASIGNATURA: Inglés

GRADO: 9°

TIEMPO: Semana del 26-30 Abril

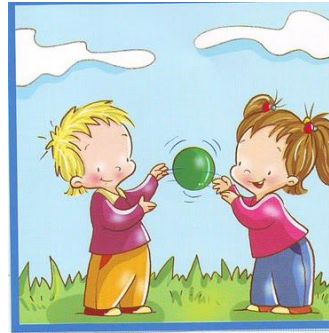
META DE APRENDIZAJE: Reconoce y utiliza los adverbios "Never" y "Ever" en situaciones cotidianas y de su entorno.

A. VIVENCIA

I have already studied this interesting topic!

1. **Translate and read carefully the following text and notice the underline words.** (Traduzca y lea *el siguiente texto y observe las palabras subrayadas*)

- Have you ever been to Bogota?
- Yes, I have.
- Have you ever seen The Incredible Man?
- No, **Never**.
- Have you ever read one hundred years of solitude?
- Yes, I have.



B. FUNDAMENTACIÓN CIENTÍFICA

Los adverbios "ever" y "never".

<p>Ever: alguna vez</p> <p>Hace referencia a "si has hecho o no hecho algo alguna vez en tu vida" Contestamos: "Sí" o, "nunca".</p> <p>Se usa en preguntas, después del sujeto y antes del pasado participio.</p> <p>En preguntas negativas</p> <p>En oraciones negativas con "nothing+ever" o "nobody+ever"</p>	<p>Have you ever been to Cucuta? Alguna vez has estado en Cucuta? Yes, I have. (si)</p> <p>Has she ever eaten prawns? Alguna vez has comido camarones? No, never. (nunca)</p> <p>Haven't they ever been to Europe? Nunca han estado en Europa?</p> <p>Hasn't he ever eaten Chinese food? ¿Nunca ha él comido comida china?</p> <p>Nothing like this has ever happened to us. Nunca nos ha pasado nada como esto.</p> <p>Nobody has ever said that to me before. Nadie me ha dicho eso antes.</p>
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Never : nunca

Se refieren a un tiempo no identificado, *anterior al presente*

Se usa en oraciones **afirmativas**, después del auxiliar

“**have**” y antes del **pasado participio**. Ejemplos:

¡CUIDADO!: “*Never*” y “*not*” no deben usarse juntos

I have **never** been to Italy. (Nunca he estado en Italia)

They have **never** seen that movie. (Ellos nunca han visto esa película)

He has **never** drunk Tequila. (Él nunca ha bebido Tequila)

C. ACTIVIDAD DE EJERCITACIÓN

1. Translate and fill in the gaps with **ever** or **never** (Traduzca y llene los espacios con **ever** y **never**)

1. Have you _____ eaten Chinese food? _____ ...
2. Has your sister _____ had a car? _____ ..
3. We have _____ visited your town. _____ ..
4. I have _____ drunk wine. _____ ..
5. This is the most horrible place I have _____ seen. _____ ..
6. Have your friends _____ read a book? _____ ..
7. I have _____ chatted on the Internet. _____ ..
8. This is the best film I have _____ seen. _____ ..

2. Complete each sentence with the past participle of the verbs in the box.

Lie Be Swim Win Do Tell Be lie



- Have you ever _____ for more than 6 hours in a row?
- Have you _____ her the good news yet?
- She has never _____ a luck person.
- What is the most dangerous thing you have ever _____?
- We haven't _____ to Canada yet.
- Have you ever _____ to your best friend?
- I have just _____ the lottery.

D. ACTIVIDAD DE APLICACIÓN

1. Read the perfect present text and then answer the questions.

The life and adventures of Juanes



Juanes, originally Juan Estebán Aristizábal Vásquez, (born August 9, 1972, Medellín, Colombia), Juanes has been a highly (1) successful Colombian guitarist, singer, songwriter, and activist who had an absorbing stage presence and (2) gained international (3) recognition in the early 21st century for his passionate songs of (4) romantic love and social struggle.

Juanes grew restless with the artistic limitations of the band, however, and in 1999 he moved to Los Angeles to pursue a solo career. Juanes has written lots of songs in Spanish and English.

He had (5) won five awards at the 2003 Latin Grammys, including album of the year, record of the year, and song of the year.



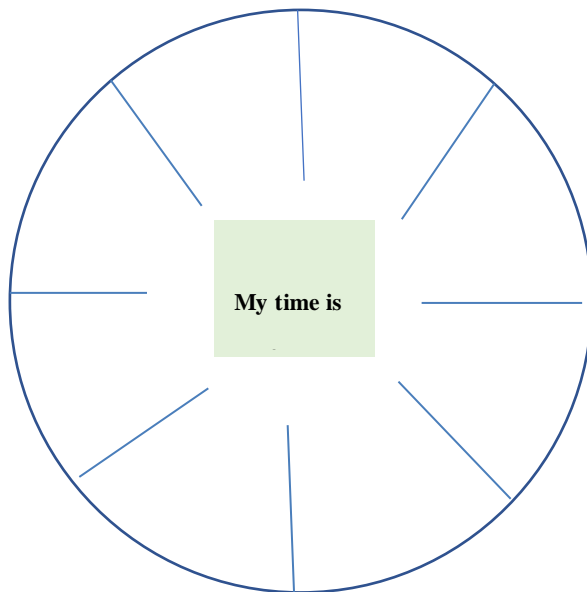
In 2007 Juanes also had released the album *La vida...es un ratico* (“Life...Is a Moment”), on which he has (6) maintained his (7) call for peace, love, and social change.

1. Give an antonym for each submitted word in the text.
2. What is the purpose of the article? a. Criticize b. Inform c. Congratulate
3. How many awards has Juanes won at the 2003 around the world? a. fifteen b. fifty c. five
4. The adjective “successful” is close in meaning to: a. bad b. disappointing c. fortunate

E. ACTIVIDAD DE COMPLEMENTACIÓN

1. Draw in every space a daily activity. Then write it in English using HAS OR HAVE + PP. VERB+ EVER OR NEVER.

(Dibuje en cada espacio una actividad diaria. Luego escríbala en inglés usando **has o have + Pp DEL VERBO + EVER O NEVER**)



Nota: Si tiene alguna duda comunicarse con su profesor o visitar YouTube donde encontrarás infinidad de información sobre cada tema.

Good luck and stay home. Buena suerte y quédate en casa